





STEP 3: FIND THE ROOT FLARE

TOP OF THE ROOT FLARE NEEDS TO BE AT GROUND LEVEL.

IT SHOULD BE THE SIZE OF A FINGER.

SMALLER ROOTS ABOVE THE ROOT FLARE SHOULD BE REMOVED.



STEP 4: MAKE 4 HORIZONTAL CUTS AROUND
THE ROOT BALL.
THE ROOT BALL SHOULD LOOK LIKE A SQUARE.
"SQUARING" YOUR ROOT BALL PREVENTS
GIRDLING ROOTS



STEP 5: LOWER THE TREE INTO THE HOLE
TO CHECK FOR CORRECT DEPTH.
SIDES OF THE HOLE NEED TO BE VERTICAL
NOT SLOPED! ROOT FLARE SHOULD BE AT
GROUND LEVEL. CHECK BY PLACING
SHOVEL ACROSS THE HOLE, THE
BOTTOM OF SHOVEL HANDLE
REPRESENTING SOIL LINE





STEP 6: MAKE SURE TRUNK OF TREE IS STRAIGHT VERTICALLY.







STEP 7: FILL THE HOLE WITH SOIL AND PACK IT DOWN.
BUILD A BERM WITH SOD. GRASS SIDE DOWN, AROUND THE HOLE.



STEP 8: ADD MULCH FOR BERM.

PLACE WATERING DEVICE ON TREE.

CLEAN UP SITE

